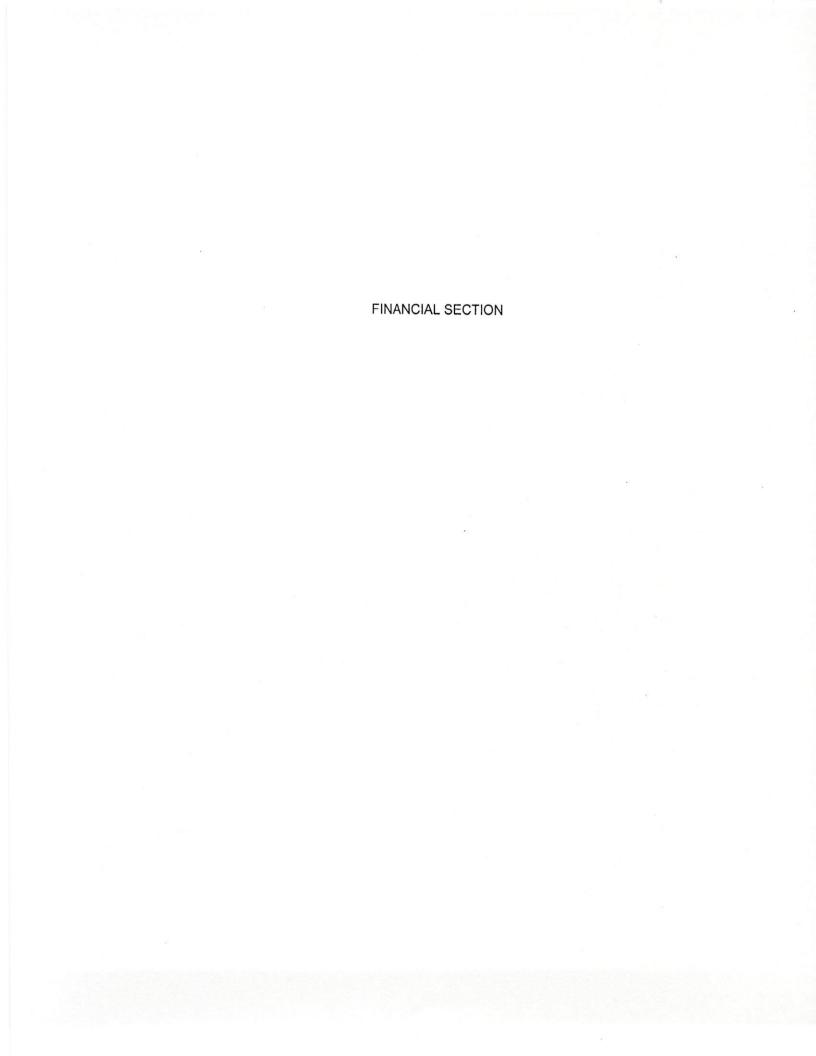
COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Annual Financial Report Year Ended September 30, 2015

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
FINANCIAL SECTION	1.0
Independent Auditor's Report	
Management's Discussion and AnalysisBasic Financial Statements	3-7
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis	8
Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis - Governmental Funds	10
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position -	
Modified Cash Basis	11
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis -	
Governmental Funds	12
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and	
Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis	13
Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis -	
Proprietary Fund	15
Statement of Cash Flows - Modified Cash Basis - Proprietary Fund	
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis - Fiduciary Funds	
Notes to the Financial Statements	18-34
Other Information	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Modified Cash Basis -	
Budget and Actual - General Fund	35-36
Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Texas County	
& District Retirement System	
Schedule of Employer Contributions - Texas County & District Retirement System Notes to the Other Information for the TCDRS Retirement Plan	38 39
Notes to the Other Information for the TCDRS Retirement Plan	39
Supplementary Information	
Taxing History for Ten Years	40
1 5 7 15 15 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance	
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
Government Auditing Standards	41-42





A Limited Liability Partnership

Michael E. Oliphant, CPA Calvin Featherston, CPA Wayne Barr, CPA Cathryn A. Pitcock, CPA (325) 944-3571 FAX: (325) 942-1093 www.eckertcpa.com Members of American Institute of CPAs Texas Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court County of Glasscock P.O. Box 67 Garden City, TX 79739-0067

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying modified cash-basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Glasscock, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Section I., Note C.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County of Glasscock, Texas, as of September 30, 2015, the respective changes in modified cash-basis financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Section I., Note C.

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 2

Basis of Accounting

We draw attention to Section I., Note C. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Other Information

The management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension liability and contributions information for the TCDRS retirement plan on pages 3 through 7, 35 through 36, and 37 through 38, respectively, are presented to supplement the basic financial statements. We have applied certain limited procedures to this information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County of Glasscock's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 11, 2016, on our consideration of the County of Glasscock's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County of Glasscock's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eckert & Company, LLP

May 11, 2016

COUNTY COMMISSIONERS GLASSCOCK COUNTY

P.O. BOX 67

GARDEN CITY, TEXAS 79739

PH. 432-354-2382

Fax 432-354-2348

Commissioners

Jimmy Strube Pct. 1

Mark Halfmann Pct. 2

Gary Jones Pct. 3

Michael Hoch Pct. 4

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Our discussion and analysis of the County of Glasscock's financial performance provides an overview of the County's financial activities for the year ended September 30, 2015, within the limitations of the County's modified cash basis of accounting. It should be read in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements and independent auditor's report.

Financial Highlights - Modified Cash Basis of Accounting

The County's assets exceeded its liabilities at the end of the current year by \$25,944,309 (net position). Of this amount, \$16,843,054 (unrestricted) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

The County's total net position increased by \$10,730,901 or 71% as a result of current year operations. The County's statement of activities shows total revenues of \$14,756,764 and total expenses of \$4,025,863.

The total fund balance of the General Fund is \$16,701,356 which is an increase of \$6,042,840 or 57% compared to the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The County's financial statements are presented in a format consistent with the presentation requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34, as applicable to the County's modified cash basis of accounting.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements consist of government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements - The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets and liabilities resulting from the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

Overview of the Financial Statements - Continued

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the current year while keeping in mind the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

The governmental activities of the County include public transportation through roads and bridges, justice system, public safety, public health and welfare, culture and education, and community and economic development, as well as general administrative and support services. Business-type activities consist of a water system.

The County has no component units.

Fund Financial Statements - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the current year.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet - modified cash basis and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - modified cash basis provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet - modified cash basis and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - modified cash basis for the General Fund which is considered to be a major fund. Data from other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The County adopts a budget for its General Fund and Special Revenue Funds.

Proprietary Funds - Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses an enterprise fund to account for its water system.

Fiduciary Funds - Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources which are collected by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other County funds. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net Position - A summary of the County's net position is presented below:

NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

	_	Governme	ntal	Activities		Business-T	уре	Activities		To	tals	
	_					Septen			_			
	_	2015	_	2014	_	2015	_	2014	_	2015		2014
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$	17,337,366 7,505,331	\$	11,138,489 2,928,359	\$	124,054 1,043,581	\$	146,446 1,041,870	\$	17,461,420 8,548,912	\$	11,284,935 3,970,229
Total Assets	\$	24,842,697	\$	14,066,848	\$	1,167,635	\$	1,188,316	\$	26,010,332	\$	15,255,164
Liabilities	\$	66,023	\$	41,756	\$	0	\$	0	\$	66,023	\$	41,756
Net Position Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$	7,505,331 552,343 16,719,000	\$	2,928,359 427,698 10,669,035	\$	1,043,581 0 124,054	\$	1,041,870 0 146,446	\$	8,548,912 552,343	\$	3,970,229 427,698
Total Net Position	\$	24,776,674	\$	14,025,092	\$	1,167,635	\$	1,188,316	\$	16,843,054 25,944,309	\$	15,213,408

A large portion of the County's net position resulting from modified cash basis transactions (\$8,548,912) reflects the County's investment in capital assets. These assets are not available for future spending. An additional portion of the City's net position (\$552,343) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$16,843,054) may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligations.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis - Continued

Governmental Activities - Governmental activities increased the County's net position resulting from modified cash basis transactions by \$10,751,582 and \$4,306,361 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Business-type activities decreased the County's net position by \$20,681 and \$31,670 for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. Key elements of these increases (decreases) are as follows:

CHANGES IN NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

		Governme	ntal	Activities		Business-T	уре	e Activities		To	otals	
	_					Year Ended	_		_		rtuit	,
Revenues	_	2015		2014	_	2015	_	2014		2015		2014
Program Revenues											_	
Charges for Services Operating and Capital Grants General Revenues	\$	1,153,439 3,210,132	\$	1,271,603 26,306	\$	97,667 0	\$	89,963 0	\$	1,251,106 3,210,132	\$	1,361,566 26,306
Maintenance and Operations Taxes Investment Earnings Other		10,183,613 10,283 97,039		7,637,955 5,410 96,264		0 91 4,500		0 53 0		10,183,613 10,374 101,539		7,637,955 5,463 96,264
Total Revenues	\$	14,654,506	\$	9,037,538	\$	102,258	\$	90,016	\$	14,756,764	\$	9,127,554
Expenses												
General Government Roads and Bridges Justice System Public Safety	\$	1,477,243 1,033,414 305,469 807,836	\$	1,806,304 1,665,082 253,070 789,510	\$	0 0 0	\$	0 0 0	\$	1,477,243 1,033,414 305,469 807,836	\$	1,806,304 1,665,082 253,070
Public Health and Welfare Culture and Education Community and Economic Development		109,400 105,453 64,109		62,662 127,955 26,594		0		0		109,400 105,453		789,510 62,662 127,955
Water		0		20,594	_	0 122,939		0 121,686		64,109		26,594 121,686
Total Expenses	\$	3,902,924	\$	4,731,177	\$	122,939	\$	121,686	\$	4,025,863	\$	4,852,863
Change in Net Position	\$	10,751,582	\$	4,306,361	\$	(20,681)	\$	(31,670)	\$	10,730,901	\$	4,274,691
Net Position - Beginning	-	14,025,092		9,718,731		1,188,316		1,219,986		15,213,408		10,938,717
Net Position - Ending	\$	24,776,674	\$	14,025,092	\$	1,167,635	\$	1,188,316	\$	25,944,309	\$	15,213,408

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. The unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the current year within the limitations of the County's modified cash basis of accounting.

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds - Continued

The County's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$17,271,343, an increase of \$6,174,610 or 56% in comparison with the prior year. These fund balances are reported in various governmental funds as follows:

General Fund \$16,701,356. All of this balance is unassigned.

Special Revenue Funds \$569,987. Of these balances \$17,644 is committed to special programs and \$552,343 is restricted by legislation.

Proprietary Funds - The County's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

The County's Enterprise Fund reported unrestricted net position of \$124,054, a decrease of \$22,392 or 15% in comparison with the prior year.

General Fund Budget

The original and final amended budget for the General Fund was \$12,007,167. Significant variances between the original budget and the final amended budget were a decrease of \$224,443 in General Government expenditures and an increase of \$194,000 in Road and Bridges expenditures.

The County has adopted a budget for the General Fund in the amount of \$13,293,437 for the fiscal year 2016, which is an increase of \$1,286,270 from the fiscal year 2015.

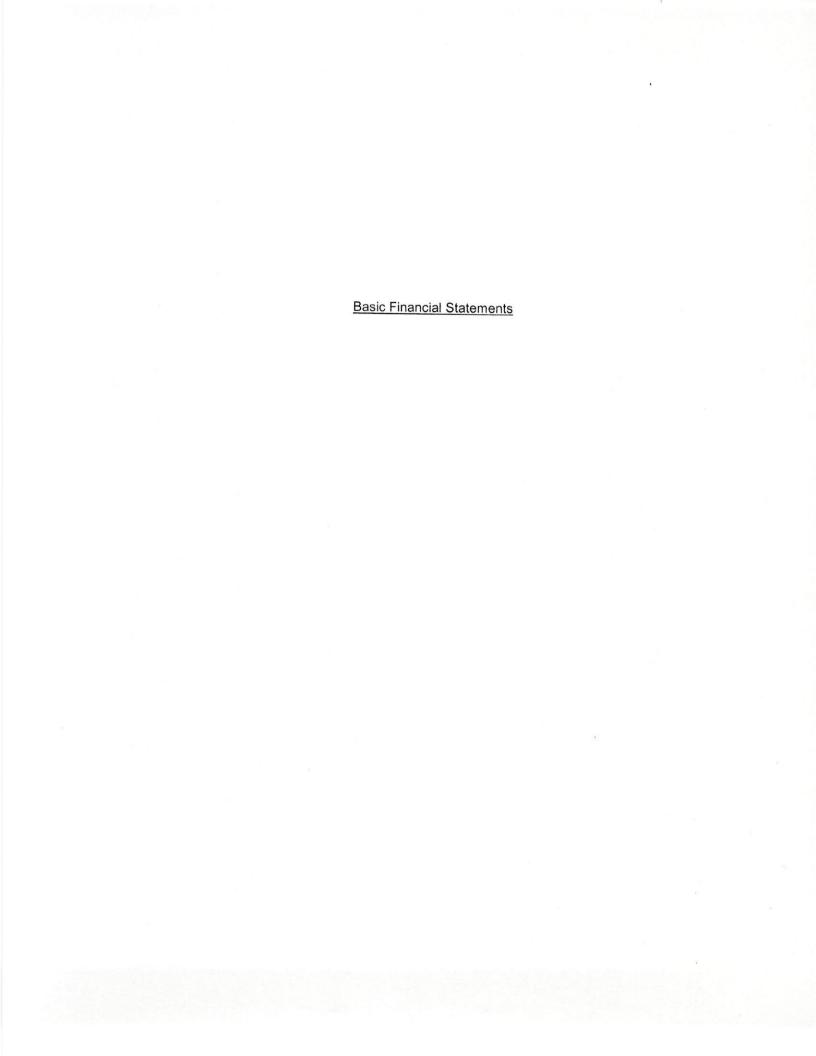
Capital Assets and Debt - Modified Cash Basis

Capital Assets - Financial statement footnote III. D. discloses the County's capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015.

Long-Term Debt - The County had no long-term debt outstanding.

Requests for Information

The financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to: Kim Halfmann, County Judge, County of Glasscock, P.O. Box 67, Garden City, TX 79739-0067.



COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis September 30, 2015

ASSETS	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 16,080,834	\$ 124,054	\$ 16,204,888
Due from Fiduciary Funds	150,700	0	150,700
Due from Other Governments	1,105,832	0	
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation):	1,100,002	O	1,105,832
Land	229,331	20,000	249,331
Buildings and Improvements	1,089,339	20,000	1,089,339
Water System	0	1,007,415	1,009,339
Machinery and Equipment	1,784,315	16,166	1,800,481
Construction in Progress	4,402,346	0	4,402,346
Total Assets	\$ 24,842,697	\$ 1,167,635	\$ 26,010,332
LIABILITIES			
Due to Other Governments	\$ 66,023	\$ 0	\$ 66,023
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets Restricted:	\$ 7,505,331	\$ 1,043,581	\$ 8,548,912
Legislation	552,343	0	552,343
Unrestricted	16,719,000	124,054	16,843,054
Total Net Position	\$ 24,776,674	\$ 1,167,635	\$ 25,944,309

COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis Year Ended September 30, 2015

		F	Program Revenu	ies		(Expense) Rever nanges in Net Po	
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$ 1,477,243	\$ 739,838	\$ 17,130	\$ 0	\$ (720,275)	\$ 0	\$ (720,275
Roads and Bridges	1,033,414	50,784	10,109	3,070,000	2,097,479	0	2,097,479
Justice System	305,469	330,940	5,436	0	30,907	0	30,90
Public Safety	807,836	25,282	1,232	106,225	(675,097)	0	(675,09)
Public Health and Welfare	109,400	0	0	0	(109,400)	0	(109,400
Culture and Education	105,453	0	0	0	(105,453)	0	(105,453
Community and Economic Development	64,109	6,595	0	0	(57,514)	0	(57,514
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 3,902,924	\$ 1,153,439	\$ 33,907	\$ 3,176,225	\$ 460,647	\$ 0	\$ 460,647
Business-Type Activities:				(40)			
Water System	122,939	97,667	0	0	0	(25,272)	(25,272
Total	\$ 4,025,863	\$ 1,251,106	\$ 33,907	\$ 3,176,225	\$ 460,647	\$ (25,272)	\$ 435,375
	General Rev						
		Taxes - Operation	ns		\$ 10,183,613	\$ 0	\$ 10,183,613
		nt Earnings			10,283	91	10,374
	Miscellan	eous			97,039	4,500	101,539
	Total G	General Revenues	S		\$ 10,290,935	\$ 4,591	\$ 10,295,526
	Change in N	et Position			\$ 10,751,582	\$ (20,681)	\$ 10,730,901
	Net Position	- Beginning			14,025,092	1,188,316	15,213,408
	Net Position	- Ending			\$ 24,776,674	\$ 1,167,635	\$ 25,944,309
e accompanying notes are an integral part of	this financial sta	itement.					

COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Balance Sheet - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds September 30, 2015

<u>ASSETS</u>	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and Temporary Investments Due from Other Funds	\$ 15,520,453 141,819	\$ 560,381 9,606	\$ 16,080,834 151,425
Due from Other Governments	1,105,832	0	1,105,832
Total Assets	\$ 16,768,104	\$ 569,987	\$ 17,338,091
LIABILITIES			
Due to Other Funds	\$ 725	\$ 0	\$ 725
Due to Other Governments	66,023	0	66,023
Total Liabilities	\$ 66,748	\$ 0	\$ 66,748
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted Reported in:			
Special Revenue Funds	\$ 0	\$ 552,343	\$ 552,343
Committed Reported in:			7 002,010
Special Revenue Funds	0	17,644	17,644
Unassigned Fund Balance	16,701,356	0	16,701,356
Total Fund Balances	\$ 16,701,356	\$ 569,987	\$ 17,271,343
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 16,768,104	\$ 569,987	\$ 17,338,091

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis September 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 17,271,343
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) is to increase net position.	2,928,359
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including capital outlays is to increase net position.	4,983,619
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(406,647)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 24,776,674

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Modified Cash Basis Governmental Funds Year Ended September 30, 2015

<u>REVENUES</u>	General	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Taxes Fees Fines Intergovernmental Interest Miscellaneous	\$ 10,183,613 700,396 267,198 3,212,780 9,978 94,664	\$ 0 181,965 0 1,232 305 2,375	\$ 10,183,613 882,361 267,198 3,214,012 10,283 97,039
Total Revenues	\$ 14,468,629	\$ 185,877	\$ 14,654,506
EXPENDITURES Current: General Government Roads and Bridges Justice System Public Safety Public Health and Welfare Culture and Education Community and Economic Development Total Expenditures	\$ 2,121,306 4,809,050 275,650 978,280 108,586 98,451 34,466 \$ 8,425,789	\$ 2,295 33,253 18,559 0 0 0	\$ 2,123,601 4,842,303 294,209 978,280 108,586 98,451 34,466
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ 6,042,840	\$ 54,107 \$ 131,770	\$ 8,479,896 \$ 6,174,610
Fund Balances - Beginning	10,658,516	438,217	11,096,733
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 16,701,356	\$ 569,987	\$ 17,271,343

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities - Modified Cash Basis Year Ended September 30, 2015

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 6174.040
Current year capital outlays are expenditures in the fund financial statements but are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing capital outlays is to increase net position.	\$ 6,174,610 4,983,619
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	4,965,619
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	(406,647)
Social of Governmental Activities	\$ 10,751,582

COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Statement of Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund September 30, 2015

ASSETS Current Assets: Cash and Temporary Investments	Water System Enterprise Fund \$ 124,054
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital Assets:	
Land	7
Water System	\$ 20,000
Equipment	1,661,235
Total	29,400
Less Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 1,710,635
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation Total Assets	\$ 1,043,581
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: None	\$ 1,167,635
NET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 0
Unrestricted	\$ 1,043,581 124,054
Total Net Position	\$ 1,167,635

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Proprietary Fund Year Ended September 30, 2015

OPERATING REVENUES		Water System Enterprise Fund
Charges Sales and Services: Water Sales		
Other Services		\$ 96,967
Tower Rental		700
Total Operation D		4,500
Total Operating Revenues		\$ 102,167
OPERATING EXPENSES		4 102,107
Salaries and Benefits		
Utilities		\$ 42,366
Insurance		10,411
Repair and Maintenance Other		5,891
Depreciation		14,106 4,971
		45,194
Total Operating Expenses		
Operational		\$ 122,939
Operating Loss		\$ (20,772)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Interest Earned		Ψ (20,112)
Change in Net Position		91
		\$ (20,681)
Total Net Position - Beginning		
otal Net Position - Ending		1,188,316
—		\$ 1,167,635

COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Modified Cash Basis Fiduciary Funds September 30, 2015

ASSETS	Agency Funds
Cash <u>LIABILITIES</u>	\$ 296,408
Due to Other Funds	
Due to Other Governments	\$ 150,700
Due to Others	46,835
	98,873
Total Liabilities	\$ 296,408

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The County of Glasscock, Texas, prepares its basic financial statements on the modified cash basis of accounting which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

A. Reporting Entity

The County of Glasscock, Texas, was organized by an Act of the Texas Legislature in April 1893. The County is governed by the Commissioners' Court, a five-member group consisting of an elected County Judge and four County Commissioners elected from individual precincts. Services provided by the County include public transportation through roads and bridges, justice system, public safety, public health and welfare, culture and education, and community and economic development, as well as general administrative and support services. The County also provides water utilities. There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities include programs supported primarily by taxes, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges for services - payments from parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment of the County and (2) grants and contributions - payments from organizations outside the County that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment of the County. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated in the government-wide financial statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as interfund receivables and payables on the government-wide statement of net position.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. Operating expenses include the cost of services and administrative expenses. All revenues and expenses not meeting these definitions are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe how transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting - Continued

Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus as applied to the modified cash basis of accounting.

Governmental funds utilize a current financial resources measurement focus. Current financial assets and liabilities are generally the only items included on their balance sheets. The operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. Fund balance is used to measure available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Proprietary funds utilize an economic resources measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income and the changes in net position, financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities associated with the activities of the proprietary funds are reported in the financial statements

Basis of Accounting

The government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements are presented using the modified cash basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes assets, liabilities, net position, fund equity, revenues, expenditures, and expenses when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements. The modified cash basis of accounting is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The use of the modified cash basis of accounting results in certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenues for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable, expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid, and accrued expenses and liabilities) not being recorded in these financial statements.

The government reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - This Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all revenues except those required to be accounted for in other funds.

The government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Enterprise Fund - Water Fund - This Fund accounts for the operation of the water system.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds - These Funds are used to account for resources which are collected by the County in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, or other County funds.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

D. Cash and Cash Equivalents - Proprietary Funds

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary fund types, the County considers cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition to be cash equivalents.

E. Interfund Receivables and Payables

Activity between individual funds may result in amounts owed between funds which are classified as Due To and From Other Funds. Other than amounts due to or from fiduciary funds these balances are eliminated in the statement of net position.

F. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets arising from modified cash basis transactions are reported in the statement of net position. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	15-30 5-10
Water System	40

In the fund financial statements, capital assets arising from modified cash basis transactions acquired for use in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide financial statements.

G. Compensated Absences

County employees are entitled to vacation and sick leave based on their length of employment. Vacation leave does not accumulate or vest, but employees may accumulate up to 90 days of sick leave. Upon separation from service, employees are paid for any current vacation leave which has been earned but not used; however, unused sick leave is not paid.

H. Net Position on the Statement of Net Position

Net position on the statement of net position includes the following:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This component of net position represents capital assets net of accumulated depreciation.

Restricted by Legislation - This component of net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities of certain Special Revenue Funds that consists of assets with constraints placed on their use by state legislation.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

H. Net Position on the Statement of Net Position - Continued

Unrestricted - This is the difference between assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources that is not reported as Net Investment in Capital Assets or Restricted by Legislation.

I. Fund Balances/Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Restricted - Amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because usage restraints have been imposed by external sources such as creditors (through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Commissioners' Court, the County's highest level of decision-making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through formal action by the Commissioners' Court.

Unassigned - Amounts that have not been assigned to other funds or restricted, committed, or assigned to a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the governmental funds balance sheet.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balances are available, the County considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the County considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Commissioners' Court has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Unrestricted net position for proprietary funds represents the net position available for future operations.

J. Property Tax Revenues

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the County in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues when they are collected.

K. Interfund Transfers

Permanent relocations of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For purposes of the statement of activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budget

The County prepares and adopts a budget for governmental funds prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. The County holds public meetings for the purpose of obtaining comments from citizens prior to adopting the budget. Once a budget is approved, it can be amended only by approval of a majority of the members of the Commissioners' Court. The budget was amended during the year.

Budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a modified cash basis and cover a one-year period. Appropriations lapse at year end.

B. Excess Expenditures Over Appropriations

Expenditures exceeded appropriations in the following program:

General Fund
Roads and Bridges \$ 86,086

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the County to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the County to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the Statute of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The County is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the County has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits and Investments: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits and investments in certificates of deposit may not be returned to it. The County's policy does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits and investments, other than the following: The State of Texas requires that a financial institution secure deposits and investments made by state and local governments by pledging securities in excess of the highest cash balance of the government. The County is not exposed to custodial credit risk for its deposits and investments in certificates of deposit since they are covered by depository insurance and pledged securities held by a third party in the County's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk: The investment policy of the County contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer. Investments in any one issuer (other than U.S. Treasury securities,

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

A. Deposits and Investments - Continued

mutual funds, and external investment pools) that represent five percent or more of the total entity investments represent a concentration risk. At September 30, 2015, all of the County's investments are in external investment pools or certificates of deposit with its depository bank. The County is not exposed to this risk as described in the preceding paragraph.

Credit Risk: Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At September 30, 2015, the County was not significantly exposed to credit risk

Interest Rate Risk: Not applicable

Foreign Currency Risk: Not applicable

The carrying amount of the County's cash and temporary investments at September 30, 2015, approximates fair value and consisted of the following:

Cash in Bank	\$ 5,193,703
TexPool	5,999,546
TexStar	5,308,047
Total Cash and Temporary Investments	\$ 16.501.296

B. Interfund Receivables and Payables

The following is a summary of amounts due from and due to other funds:

General Fund	Due From	Due To	Purpose	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds Fiduciary Funds	\$ 0 141,819 \$ 141,819	\$ 725 0 \$ 725	Unremitted Fees Unremitted Fees	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds General Fund Fiduciary Funds	\$ 725 8,881 \$ 9,606	\$ 0 0 \$ 0	Unremitted Fees Unremitted Fees	
Fiduciary Funds General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$ 0 0 \$ 0	\$ 141,819 8,881 \$ 150,700	Unremitted Fees Unremitted Fees	
Totals	\$ 151,425	\$ 151,425		

All amounts due are expected to be repaid within one year.

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

C. Due from Other Governments

The County receives State grant funds for transportation infrastructure and for a fire truck. Amounts due from the State for these programs are as follows:

 Roads Grant Fire Truck Grant
 \$ 999,607 106,225

 Total
 \$ 1,105,832

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2015, was as follows:

Governmental Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land Historical Building Construction in Progress	\$ 229,331 240,296 0	\$ 0 0 4,402,346	\$ 0	\$ 229,331 240,296 4,402,346
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	\$ 469,627	\$ 4,402,346	\$ 0	\$ 4,871,973
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$ 2,361,408 4,251,901	\$ 0 581,273	\$ 0 198,040	\$ 2,361,408 4,635,134
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 6,613,309	\$ 581,273	\$ 198,040	\$ 6,996,542
Total Capital Assets	\$ 7,082,936	\$ 4,983,619	\$ 198,040	\$ 11,868,515
Less Accumulated Depreciation Buildings and Improvements Machinery and Equipment	\$ (1,450,474) (2,704,103)	\$ (61,891) (344,756)		\$ (1,512,365) (2,850,819)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (4,154,577)	\$ (406,647)		\$ (4,363,184)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 2,928,359	\$ 4,576,972	\$ 0	\$ 7,505,331

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

D. Capital Assets - Continued

Business-Type Activities	Beginning Balance	Additions	D	eletions	Ending Balance
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated Land	\$ 20,000	\$ 0	\$	0	\$ 20,000
Capital Assets Being Depreciated System Machinery and Equipment	\$ 1,614,330 29,400	\$ 46,905 0	\$	0	\$ 1,661,235 29,400
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	\$ 1,643,730	\$ 46,905	\$	0	\$ 1,690,635
Total Capital Assets	\$ 1,663,730	\$ 46,905	\$	0	\$ 1,710,635
Less Accumulated Depreciation System Machinery and Equipment	\$ (613,266) (8,594)	\$ (40,554) (4,640)	\$	0	\$ (653,820) (13,234)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ (621,860)	\$ (45,194)	\$	0	\$ (667,054)
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 1,041,870	\$ 1,711	\$	0	\$ 1,043,581
Depreciation expense was charged to programs a	s follows:				
Governmental Activities General Government Roads and Bridges Justice System Public Safety Public Health and Welfare Culture and Education Community and Economic Dev		al Activities	\$	25,100 213,445 11,260 119,383 814 7,002 29,643 406,647	
Business-Type Activities Water			\$	45,194	

III. DETAIL NOTES ON ALL ACTIVITIES AND FUNDS - Continued

E. Due to Other Governments

Amounts due to other governments are summarized as follows:

General Fund

Due to State - Fees Collected

\$ 66,023

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description - The County provides retirement, disability, and death benefits for all of its full-time employees through a nontraditional defined benefit pension plan in the statewide Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS). The Board of Trustees of TCDRS is responsible for the administration of the statewide agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system consisting of nontraditional defined benefit pension plans. TCDRS in the aggregate issues a comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) on a calendar year basis. This report is available at www.tcdrs.org. TCDRS' CAFR may also be obtained by writing to the Texas County & District Retirement System, P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034, or by calling 1-800-823-7782.

The plan provisions are adopted by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the Texas state statutes governing TCDRS (TCDRS Act). Members can retire at ages 60 and above with 8 or more years of service, with 30 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after 8 years of service but must leave their accumulated deposits in the plan to entitled to any amounts contributed by their employer.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's deposits to the plan, with interest, and employer-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the governing body of the employer within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the employer's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of the employee's accumulated deposits and the employer-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

Funding Policy - The employer has elected the annually determined contribution rate (Variable-Rate) plan provisions of the TCDRS Act. The plan is funded by monthly contributions from both employee members and the employer based on the covered payroll of employee members. Under the TCDRS Act, the contribution rate of the employer is actuarially determined annually. The employer contributed the actuarially determined rate of 12.23% for the months of the accounting year in 2014 and 8.68% for the months of the accounting year in 2015.

The deposit rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2015 is 7% as adopted by the governing body of the employer. The employee deposit rate and the employer contribution rate may be changed by the governing body of the employer within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Actuarial Assumptions - All actuarial methods and assumptions used for this GASB analysis were the same as those used in the December 31, 2014 funding valuation, except as noted below and throughout this report. Please see the employer summary actuarial valuation report as of December 31, 2014, for further details.

Following are the key assumptions and methods used in this GASB analysis.

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two years

prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal⁽¹⁾

Asset Valuation Method

Smoothing Period 5 Years
Recognition Method Non-Asymptotic

Corridor None

Inflation 3.0%
Salary Increases 4.9%⁽²⁾

Investment Rate of Return 8.1%

automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, no assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-of-

living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

Retirement Age Members eligible for service retirement are assumed to retire at various rates based

upon age and gender.

Turnover New employees are assumed to replace any terminated members and have similar

entry ages.

Mortality Mortality rates for depositing members are based on the gender-distinct RP-2000 Active

Employee Mortality Table with a two-year set-forward for males and a four-year setback for females. Service retirees, beneficiaries, and non-depositing members are based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table with a one-year set-forward for males and no age adjustment for females. Disabled retirees are based on the gender-distinct RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table with no age adjustment for males and a two-year set-

forward for females. The rates are projected with scale AA.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions and information shown below are provided by TCDRS' investment consultant, Cliffwater LLC. The numbers shown are based on January 2015 information for a 7-10 year time horizon.

⁽¹⁾ Individual entry age normal cost method, as required by GASB 68, used for GASB calculations. Note that a slightly different version of the entry age normal cost method is used for the funding actuarial valuation.

⁽²⁾ Includes inflation of 3%.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Note the valuation assumption for long-term expected return is re-assessed at a minimum of every four years and is set based on a 30-year time horizon; the most recent analysis was performed in 2013.

Asset Class	Benchmark	Target Allocation ⁽¹⁾	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected Minus Inflation) ⁽²⁾
U.S. Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.5004	
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture Capital Index ⁽³⁾	16.50%	5.35%
Global Equities	MSCI World (Net) Index	12.00%	8.35%
International Equities - Developed	50% MSCI World Ex USA (Net) + 50% MSCI World Ex USA 100% Hedged to USD (Net) Index	1.50%	5.65%
International Equities - Emerging	50% MSCI World EM Standard (Net) Index + 50% MSCI EM 100% Hedged to USD (Net) Index	11.00%	5.35%
Investment-Grade Bonds		9.00%	6.35%
	Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	0.55%
High-Yield Bonds	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	3.00%	3.75%
Opportunistic Credit	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	5.00%	
Direct Lending	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index		5.54%
Distressed Debt	Citigroup High-Yield Cash-Pay Capped Index	2.00%	5.80%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33% FRSE EPRA/NAREIT Global Real Estate Index	3.00%	6.75%
Commodities		2.00%	4.00%
	Bloomberg Commodities Index	2.00%	-0.20%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLPs)	Alerian MLP Index	2.00%	5.30%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index ⁽⁴⁾	3.00%	7.20%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research, Inc. (HFRI) Fund of Funds Composite Index	25.00%	5.15%
(1) Target asset allocation adopted at	the A-110015 To-		

⁽¹⁾ Target asset allocation adopted at the April 2015 TCDRS Board meeting.

⁽²⁾ Geometric real rates of return in addition to assumed inflation of 1.7% per 2015 capital market assumptions.

⁽³⁾ Includes vintage years 2006-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

⁽⁴⁾ Includes vintage years 2007-present of Quarter Pooled Horizon IRRs.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Depletion of Plan Assets/GASB Discount Rate - The discount rate is the single rate of return that, when applied to all projected benefit payments results in an actuarial present value of projected benefit payments equal to the total of the following:

- 1. The actuarial present value of benefit payments projected to be made in future periods in which (a) the amount of the pension plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be greater than the benefit payments that are projected to be made in that period and (b) pension plan assets up to that point are expected to be invested using a strategy to achieve the long-term rate of return, calculated using the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments.
- The actuarial present value of projected benefit payments not included in 1, calculated using the municipal bond rate.

Therefore, if plan investments in a given future year are greater than projected benefit payments in that year and are invested such that they are expected to earn the long-term rate of return, the discount rate applied to projected benefit payments in that year should be the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments. If future years exist where this is not the case, then an index rate reflecting the yield on a 20-year, tax-exempt municipal bond should be used to discount the projected benefit payments for those years.

The determination of a future date when plan investments are not sufficient to pay projected benefit payments is often referred to as a depletion date projection. A depletion date projection compares projections of the pension plan's fiduciary net position to projected benefit payments and aims to determine a future date, if one exists, when the fiduciary net position is projected to be less than projected benefit payments. If an evaluation of the sufficiency of the projected fiduciary net position compared to projected benefit payments can be made with sufficient reliability without performing a depletion date projection, alternative methods to determine sufficiency may be applied.

In order to determine the discount rate to be used by the employer we have used an alternative method to determine the sufficiency of the fiduciary net position in all future years. Our alternative method reflects the funding requirements under the employer's funding policy and the legal requirements under the TCDRS Act.

- TCDRS has a funding policy where the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) shall be amortized as a level percent of pay over 20-year closed layered periods.
- 2. Under the TCDRS Act, the employer is legally required to make the contribution specified in the funding policy.
- The employer's assets are projected to exceed its accrued liabilities in 20 years or less. When this point is reached, the employer is still required to contribute at least the normal cost.
- Any increased cost due to the adoption of a COLA is required to be funded over a period of 15 years, if applicable.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Based on the above, the projected fiduciary net position is determined to be sufficient compared to projected benefit payments. Based on the expected level of cash flows and investment returns to the system, the fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability is projected to increase from its current level in future years.

Since the projected fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay projected benefit payments in all future years, the discount rate for purposes of calculating the total pension liability and net pension liability of the employer is equal to the long-term assumed rate of return on investments. This long-term assumed rate of return should be net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses for GASB 68 purposes. Therefore, we have used a discount rate of 8.1%. This rate reflects the long-term assumed rate of return on assets for funding purposes of 8%, net of all expenses, increased by 0.1% to be gross of administrative

Changes in Net Pension Liability/(Asset) - The following presents the increases/(decreases) in net pension liability/(asset):

		Increase (Decreas	e)	
Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	Total Pension Liability (a)	Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability/(Asset) (a) - (b)	
Balance as of December 31, 2013	\$ 6,681,447	\$ 7,266,881	\$ (585,434)	
Changes for the Year: Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability ⁽¹⁾ Effect of Plan Changes Effect of Economic/Demographic Losses Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs Refund of Contributions Benefit Payments Administrative Expenses Member Contributions Net Investment Income Employer Contributions Other ⁽²⁾	\$ 235,155 533,884 0 144,764 0 (13,229) (406,080) 0 0	\$ 0 0 0 0 (13,229) (406,080) (5,769) 120,818 484,265 211,506 20,443	\$ 235,155 533,884 0 144,764 0 0 5,769 (120,818) (484,265) (211,506) (20,443)	
Net Changes	\$ 494,494	\$ 411,954	\$ 82,540	
Balance as of December 31, 2014	\$ 7,175,941	\$ 7,678,835	\$ (502,894)	
PR -				

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

(2) Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net pension liability/(asset) of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1%, as well as what the County's net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (7.1%) or 1 percentage point higher (9.1%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.1%)	Current Discount Rate (8.1%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.1%)	
Total Pension Liability Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 7,938,913 7,678,835	\$ 7,175,941 7,678,835	\$ 6,534,027 7,678,835	
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$ 260,078	\$ (502,894)	\$ (1,144,808)	

Pension Expense/Income - The following presents the components of pension expense/income:

Pension Expense (Income)	January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014
Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability ⁽¹⁾ Effect of Plan Changes Administrative Expenses	\$ 235,155 533,884 0 5,769
Member Contributions Expected Investment Return Net of Investment Expenses Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources:	(120,818) (591,515)
Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses Recognition of Assumption Changes or Inputs Recognition of Investment Gains or Losses Other ⁽²⁾	36,191 0 21,450 (20,443)
Total Pension Expense (Income)	\$ 99,673

⁽¹⁾ Reflects the change in the liability due to the time value of money. TCDRS does not charge fees or interest.

⁽²⁾ Relates to allocation of system-wide items.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Deferred Inflows/Deferred Outflows of Resources -As of December 31, 2014, the deferred inflows and outflows of resources are as follows:

		erred ws of ources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Net Differences Between Projected and Actual Earnings Contributions Subsequent to Measurement Date ⁽³⁾	\$ - - -		\$	108,573 85,800 117,016
Totals	\$	-	\$	311,389

⁽³⁾ If eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date through the employer's fiscal year-end, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in Appendix C of the TCDRS report.

Amounts currently reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, excluding contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Pension Expense Amount
2015	\$ 57,641
2016	57,641
2017	57,641
2018	21,450
2019	0
Thereafter ⁽⁴⁾	0

⁽⁴⁾ Total remaining balance to be recognized in future years, if any. Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

A. Defined Benefit Pension Plan - Continued

Schedule of Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - The following presents the components of deferred inflows and outflows of resources:

Investment (Gains)	Original Amount	Date Established	Original Recognition Period ⁽¹⁾	Amount Recognized in 12/31/14 Expense ⁽¹⁾	Balance of Deferred Inflows 12/31/14	Balance of Deferred Outflows 12/31/14
or Losses	\$ 107,250	12/31/14	5	\$ 21,450	\$ -	\$ 85,800
Economic/Demographic (Gains) or Losses	144,764	12/31/14	4	36,191		108,573
Assumption Changes or Inputs		12/31/14	4			
Employer Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date ⁽²⁾		,		·	-	117,016

⁽¹⁾ Investment (gains)/losses are recognized in pension expense over a period of five years; economic/ demographic (gains)/losses and assumption changes or inputs are recognized over the average remaining service life for all active, inactive, and retired members.

B. Postretirement Health Care Benefits

The County pays health insurance premiums for retired elected officials and other retired employees. The County pays the premiums monthly as they are billed by the insurance carrier and charges the cost to insurance in the financial statements. The County paid premiums totaling \$57,988 for 12 retirees during the current year.

⁽²⁾ If eligible employer contributions were made subsequent to the measurement date, the employer should reflect these contributions, adjusted as outlined in Appendix C of the TCDRS report.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION - Continued

C. Other Postemployment Benefits

Plan Description - The County participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by the Texas County & District Retirement System (TCDRS). This plan is referred to as the Group Term Life Fund (GTLF). This optional plan provides group term life insurance coverage to current eligible employees and, if elected by employers, to retired employees. The coverage provided to retired employees is a postemployment benefit other than pension benefits (OPEB). Retired employees are insured for \$5,000.

The GTLF is a separate trust administered by the TCDRS' Board of Trustees. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the GTLF. This report is available at www.tcdrs.org. TCDRS' CAFR may also be obtained by writing to the Texas County & District Retirement System, P.O. Box 2034, Austin, TX 78768-2034, or by calling 1-800-823-7782.

Funding Policy - Each participating employer contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate. An annual actuarial valuation is performed and the contractual rate is determined using the unit credit method for providing one-year term life insurance. The County contributions to the GTLF for the years ended September 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013, were \$9,046, \$8,736, and \$6,698, respectively, which equaled the contractually required contributions each year.

D. Closure and Postclosure Care Costs

State and federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfill site when it stops accepting waste and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for 30 years after closure. The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to annually provide assurance that financial resources will be available to provide for closure, postclosure care, and remediation or containment of environmental hazards. The County has complied with this requirement by obtaining a letter of credit from a bank.

E. Subsequent Events

The County's management has evaluated subsequent events through May 11, 2016, the date which the financial statements were available for issue.



Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended September 30, 2015

REVENUES Orig		Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Taxes	\$ 9,737,081	\$ 9,737,081	¢ 10 100 010		
Fees	711,500	711,500	\$ 10,183,613	\$ 446,532	
Fines	200,000	200,000	700,396	(11,104)	
Intergovernmental	2,030,350		267,198	67,198	
Interest	4,500	2,030,350	3,212,780	1,182,430	
Miscellaneous	55,515	4,500 55,515	9,978 94,664	5,478 39,149	
Total Revenues	\$ 12,738,946	\$ 12,738,946	\$ 14,468,629	\$ 1,729,683	
EXPENDITURES					
General Government					
Tax Assessor-Collector	\$ 241.178	6 044.470			
County and District Clerk		\$ 241,178	\$ 225,101	\$ 16,077	
County Judge	287,151	287,151	258,251	28,900	
County Commissioners	150,658	150,658	144,687	5,971	
County Treasurer	230,011	230,011	227,573	2,438	
Courthouse Custodian	83,520	83,520	83,395	125	
Appraisal District	66,107	66,107	61,309	4,798	
Insurance	90,000	90,000	87,804	2,196	
	215,000	224,900	230,525	(5,625)	
Capital Improvements	3,200,000	3,066,000	564,845	2,501,155	
Trapper Expense Other	64,800	64,800	64,800	0	
	369,154	268,811	173,016	95,795	
Total General Government Roads and Bridges	\$ 4,997,579	\$ 4,773,136	\$ 2,121,306	\$ 2,651,830	
Road Crew	\$ 4,476,264	\$ 4,670,264	\$ 4,753,942	\$ (83,678)	
Lateral Road	10,200	10,200	10,108	\$ (83,678) 92	
County Road and Bridge	42,500	42,500	45,000		
Total Roads and Bridges	\$ 4,528,964	\$ 4,722,964	\$ 4,809,050	(2,500) \$ (86,086)	
Justice System		+ 1,122,004	Ψ 4,009,030	\$ (86,086)	
County and District Clerk	\$ 95,717	\$ 95,717	\$ 86,084	\$ 9633	
Justice of the Peace	135,005	135,005	127,208	• 0,000	
County Attorney	6,331	6,331	6,314	7,797	
Court Reporter	2,945	3,038		17	
Jail	54,792	54,792	3,036	2	
Other	30,000		32,677	22,115	
Total Justice System	\$ 324,790	\$ 32,075 \$ 326,958	20,331	11,744	
-,···	+ 024,730	\$ 326,958	\$ 275,650	\$ 51,308	

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Modified Cash Basis - Budget and Actual
General Fund - Continued
Year Ended September 30, 2015

	Budget Amounts Original Final			Actual		Variance With Final Budget Positive		
EXPENDITURES - Continued	-	original .	-	гпа	-	Amounts		(Negative)
Public Safety Sheriff Constable Emergency Management Fire Departments Ambulance Expenses Other Total Public Safety Public Health and Welfare	\$	498,265 47,344 111,102 42,345 412,000 11,400 1,122,456	\$	498,265 47,344 116,202 148,570 305,775 11,925	\$	479,263 42,551 116,087 128,041 202,814 9,524 978,280	\$	19,002 4,793 115 20,529 102,961 2,401 149,801
Landfill Expenses					<u>+</u>	070,200	Ψ	149,801
Indigent Health Care	\$	86,867 752,624	\$	109,517 752,624	\$	108,586 0	\$	931 752,624
Total Public Health and Welfare Culture and Education	\$	839,491	\$	862,141	\$	108,586	\$	753,555
County Agent FCS Agent County and FCS Agents	\$	51,550 31,100 63,237	\$	51,550 31,100 63,237	\$	49,308 7,769 41,374	\$	2,242 23,331
Total Culture and Education	\$	145,887	\$	145,887	\$	98,451	\$	21,863 47,436
Community and Economic Development Community Center Total Expenditures	\$	48,000	\$	48,000	\$	34,466	\$	13,534
- otal Experiatures	\$	12,007,167	\$ 1	2,007,167	\$	8,425,789	\$	3,581,378
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	731,779	\$	731,779	\$	6,042,840	\$	5,311,061
Fund Balance - Beginning		0,658,516	1	0,658,516		0,658,516	Frankriste	0
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1	1,390,295	\$ 1	1,390,295	\$ 1	6,701,356	\$	5,311,061

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios -Texas County & District Retirement System Year Ended September 30, 2015

Total Pension Liability	Year Ended December 31, 2014
Service Cost Interest on Total Pension Liability Effect of Plan Changes Effect of Assumptions Changes or Inputs Effect of Economic/Demographic (Gains) or Losses	\$ 235,155 533,884 0
Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions	144,764 (419,309)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$ 494,494
Total Pension Liability, Beginning	6,681,447
Total Pension Liability, Ending	
Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 7,175,941
Employer Contributions Member Contributions Investment Income Net of Investment Expenses Benefit Payments/Refunds of Contributions Administrative Expenses Other	\$ 211,506 120,818 484,265 (419,309) (5,769) 20,443
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 411,954
Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning	7,266,881
Fiduciary Net Position, Ending	\$ 7,678,835
Net Pension Liability/(Asset), Ending	\$ (502,894)
Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total Pension Liability	107.01%
Pensionable Covered Payroll	\$ 1,725,969
Net Pension Liability as a % of Covered Payroll	-29.14%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required; therefore, only the years for which the new GASB statements have been implemented are shown.

Schedule of Employer Contributions -Texas County & District Retirement System Year Ended September 30, 2015

Year Ending December 31,	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Employer Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	Pensionable Covered Payroll ⁽¹⁾	Actual Contribution as a % of Covered Payroll
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012	Not Available \$ 71,207 76,067 94,622 148,210 180,277 199,291 241,780	Not Available \$ 71,207 76,067 94,622 148,210 180,277 1,499,291 242,129	Not Available \$ 0 0 0 0 (1,300,000) (349)	Not Available \$ 710,649 730,712 794,475 918,849 909,573 991,993 1,130,339	Not Available 10.0% 10.4% 11.9% 16.1% 19.8% 151.1%
2013 2014	124,112 211,086	474,113 211,506	(350,001) (420)	1,396,090 1,725,969	21.4% 34.0% 12.3%

⁽¹⁾ Payroll is calculated based on contributions as reported to TCDRS.

COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Notes to the Other Information for the TCDRS Retirement Plan September 30, 2015

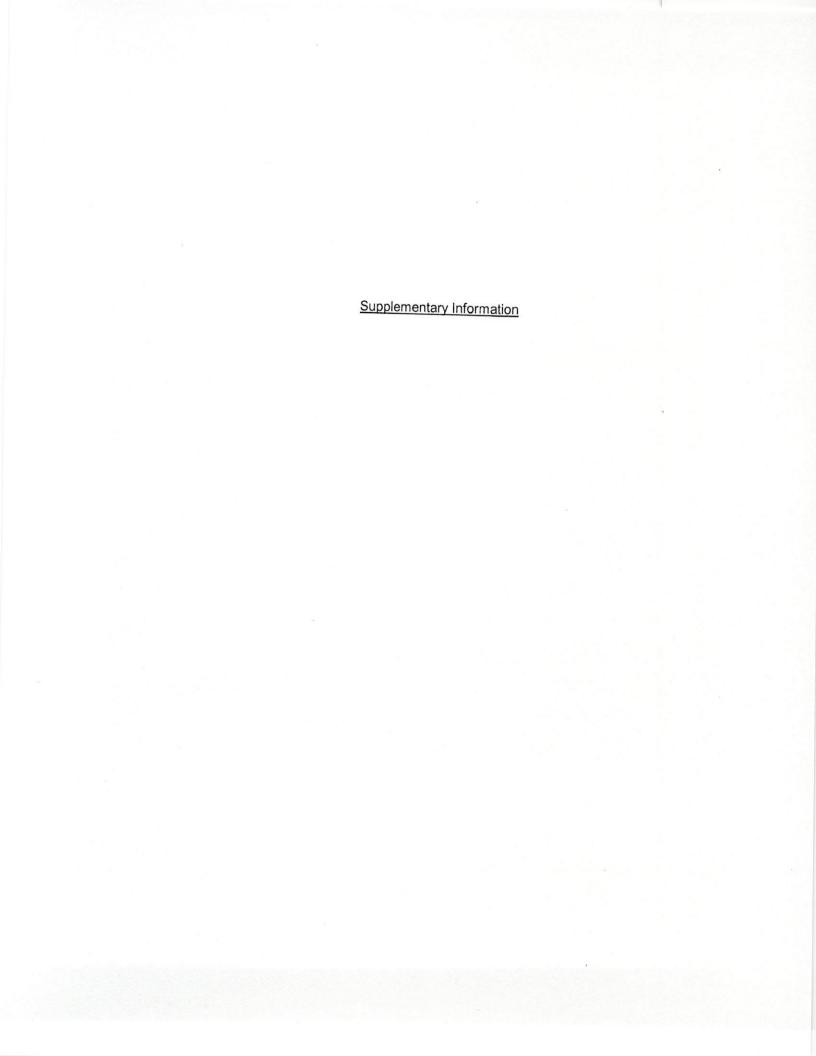
Note A - Net Pension Liability

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.



COUNTY OF GLASSCOCK Taxing History for Ten Years September 30, 2015

The assessed valuations, tax rates, and taxes levied by the County of Glasscock for the past ten years are shown below:

Roll Year	Assessed Valuation	Tax Rate	Taxes Levied
2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014	\$ 549,015,264 675,386,250 774,463,670 1,062,244,170 900,285,160 1,066,232,390 1,403,800,627 3,055,675,455 3,261,645,290 3,638,514,419	\$ 0.412326 0.362300 0.343165 0.263400 0.342000 0.308000 0.300000 0.220000 0.240000 0.270000	\$ 2,263,732 2,446,921 2,657,687 2,797,954 3,078,976 3,283,995 4,211,414 6,722,489 7,827,949
		5.270000	9,823,991

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROLS SECTION



A Limited Liability Partnership

Michael E. Oliphant, CPA Calvin Featherston, CPA Wayne Barr, CPA Cathryn A. Pitcock, CPA

(325) 944-3571 FAX: (325) 942-1093 www.eckertcpa.com

Members of American Institute of CPAs Texas Society of CPAs

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court County of Glasscock P.O. Box 67 Garden City, TX 79739-0067

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of Glasscock, Texas, as of and for the year ended September 30, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 11, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County of Glasscock's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Glasscock's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County of Glasscock's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during the audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County of Glasscock's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The Honorable County Judge and Commissioners' Court Page 2

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eckert & Company, LLP

May 11, 2016